

Decision Advantage: Evidence Based Management and Intelligent Software

Dr. Kuan H. Collins, DM

Intelligent SW, Software Solutions Practice

June 2019

Overview

- What is Artificial Intelligence?
- Why is it important for National Security?
- How can we build organizations in the context of this set of emerging technologies?

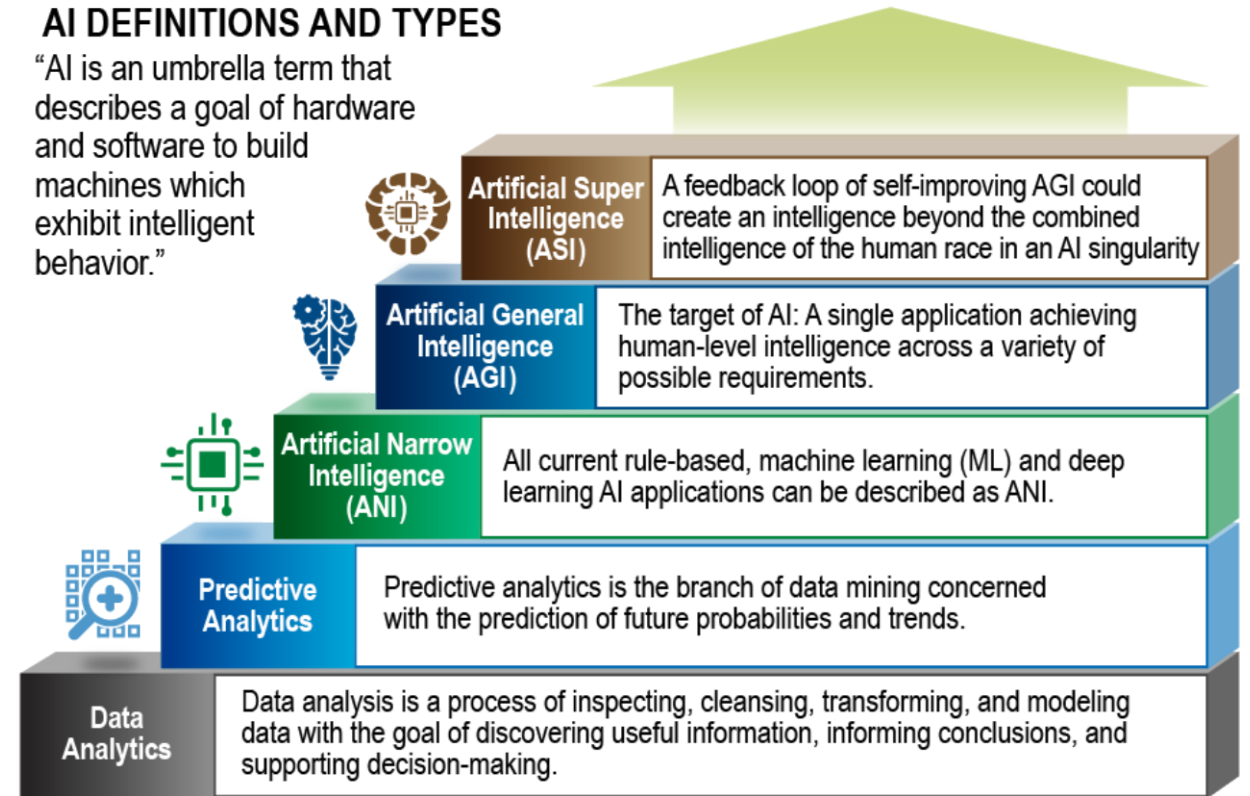
AI is the new electricity.

Evidence Based Decision and Intelligent SW



AI DEFINITIONS AND TYPES

“AI is an umbrella term that describes a goal of hardware and software to build machines which exhibit intelligent behavior.”



ACTIONABLE INSIGHTS AT MACHINE SPEED FOR DECISION ADVANTAGE

Artificial Intelligence (AI) Subsets and Features

AI: SUBSETS AND FEATURES, GLOBAL, 2017

Machine Learning

Software builds models that are complex for humans to manually specify

- Designed to predict outcomes and specific use cases
- Optimize weights of variables in the data to make useful inferences about future results
- ML algorithms improve with experience, hence, benefit from the rise of Big Data

Artificial Intelligence

Machine Learning

Cognitive Computing

Deep Learning

Unsupervised

Supervised

Deep Learning

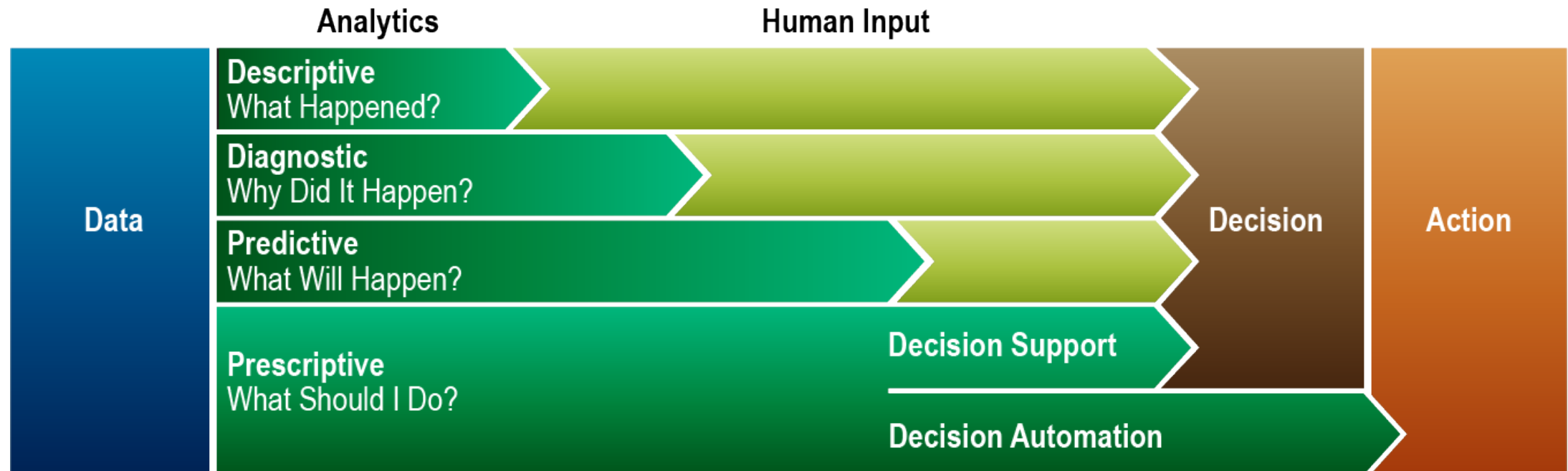
- Infers the features of data without needing annotated inputs and weights given to variables across a number of “layers”; an approximation of a brain-like structure or neural network
- Large datasets required to build models, uses more computing power than others, and had delivered successful prediction tools for a range of important problems and algorithms
- Examples include DeepMind’s AlphasGo, and Tesla’s Autopilot

Cognitive Computing

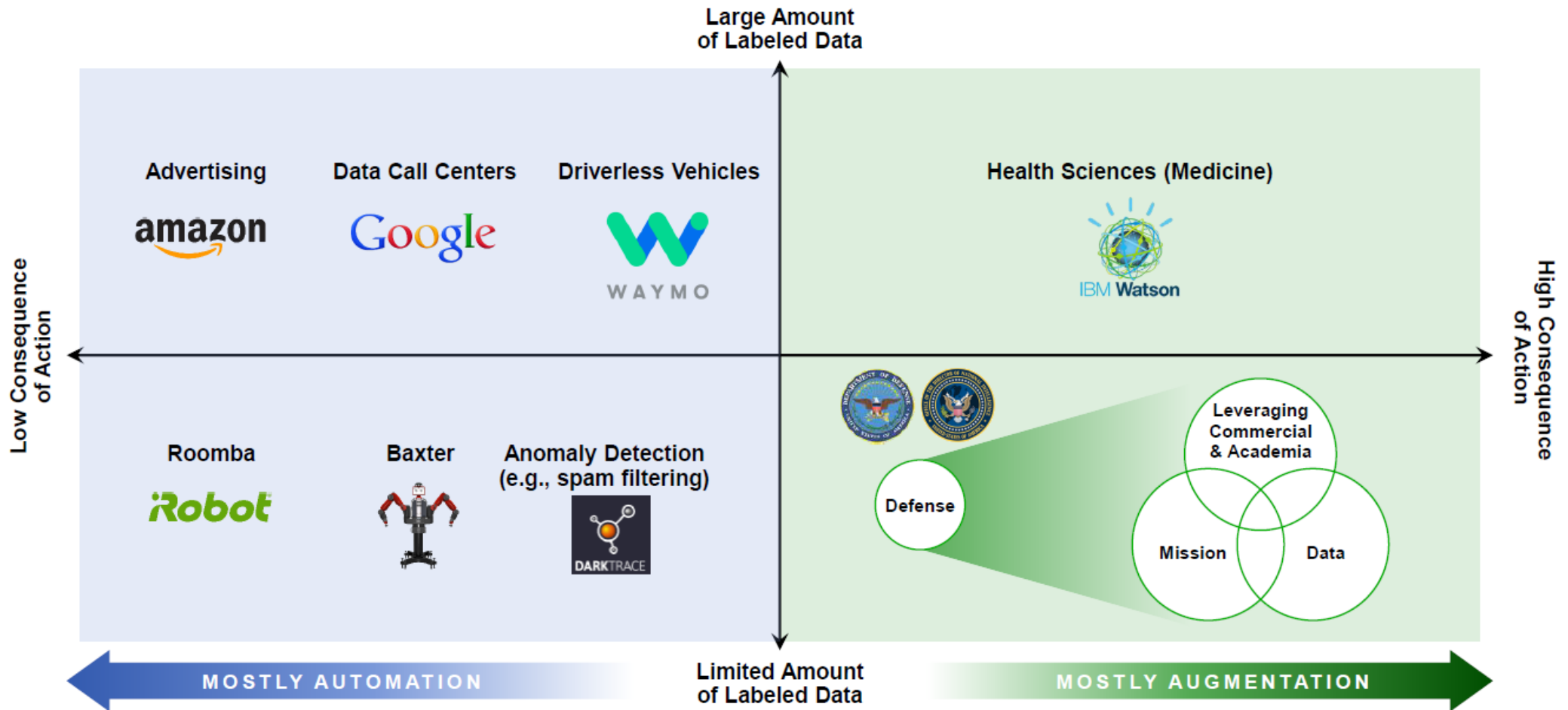
Designed to copy human abilities

- Still a controversial concept
- Expected to use human capabilities of thinking, reasoning, and remembering
- Explore and uncover things without prior knowledge

Analytics Framework

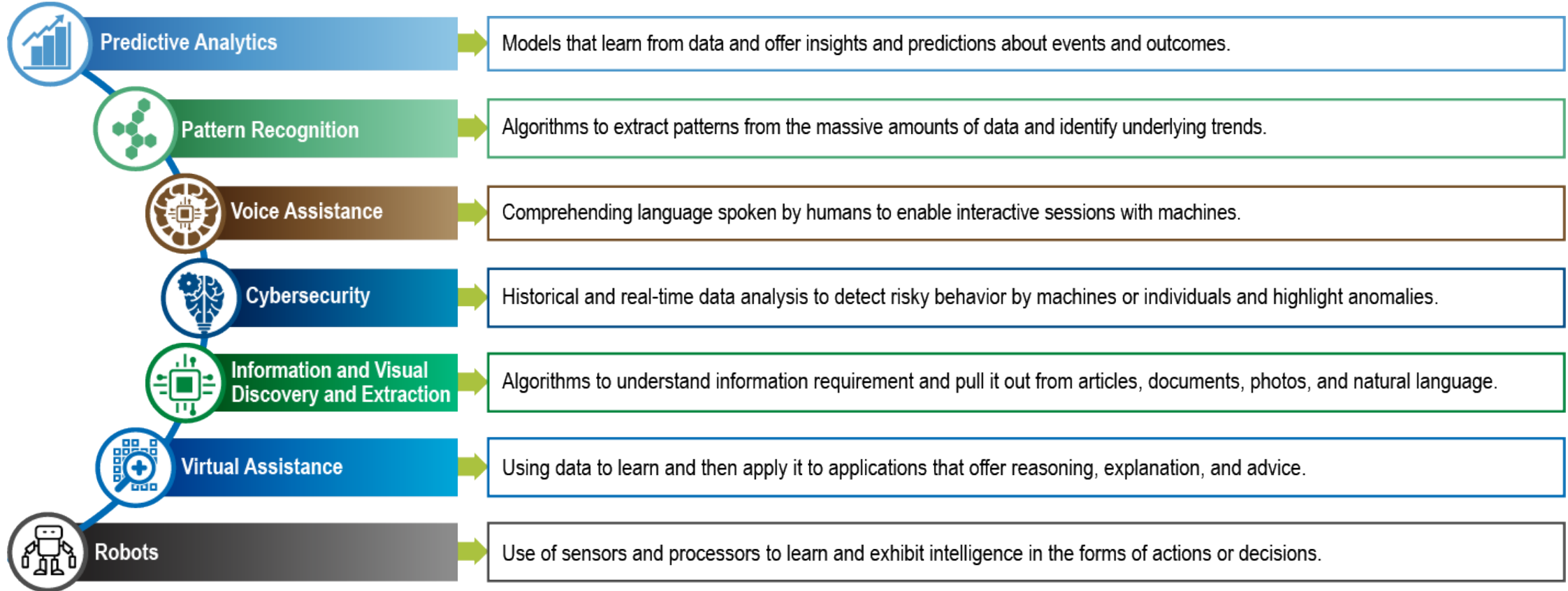


Automation vs Augmentation

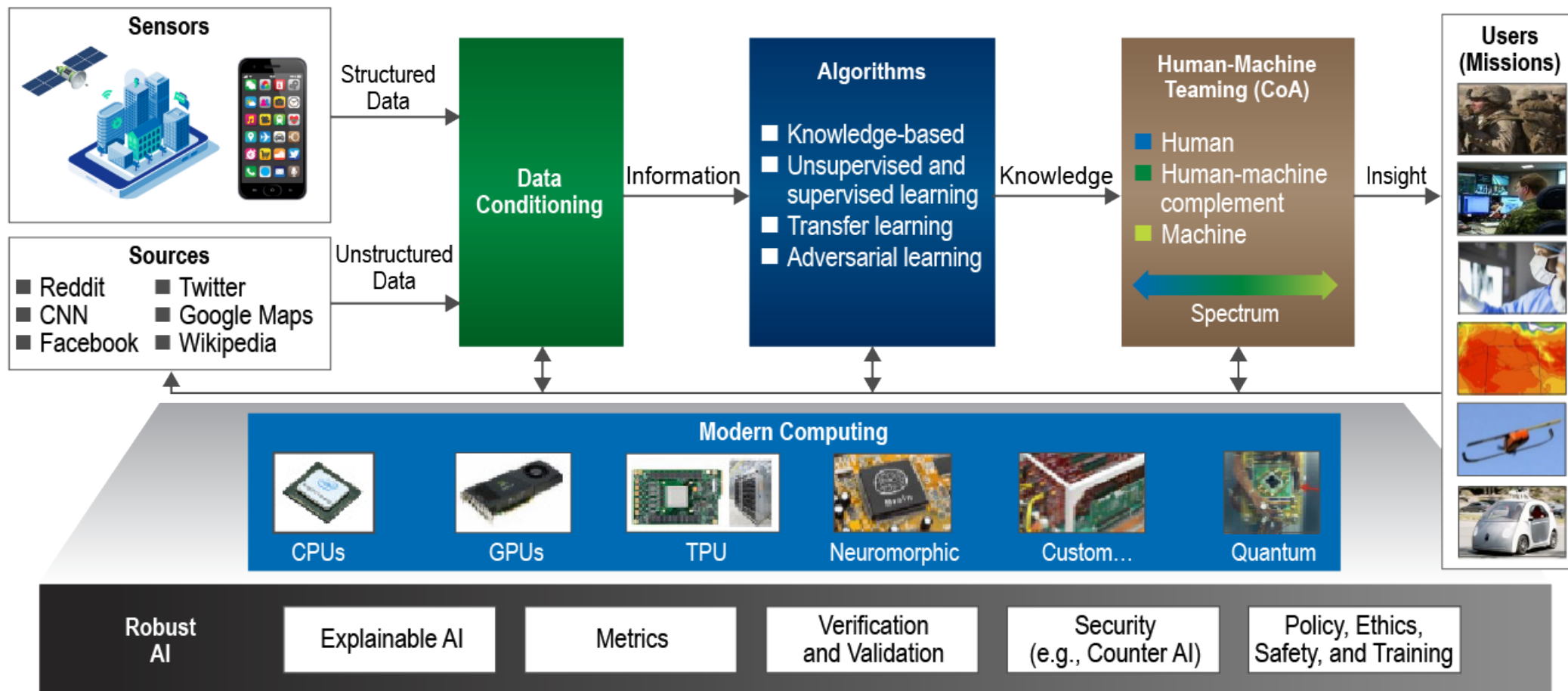


Intelligent SW Use Cases

AI USE CASES*, GLOBAL, 2017–2021



Intelligent SW Architecture



The Role of Intelligent Software and AI

National Challenges

Role of AI in Augmenting Humans



Intelligent Systems and Autonomy



Information Superiority

Technological dominance in support of national security

Derive actionable intelligence by effective human-machine teaming



Massive amounts of structured and unstructured data

Leverage rapid advances in data conditioning, algorithms, and computing



Trust in intelligent machines (Robust AI)

Ascertain robustness

"We had better be quite sure that the purpose put into the machine is the purpose which we really desire"

Norbert Wiener, 1960

Si vis pacem, para bellum (Peace through Strength)



The Chinese Government has indicated plans to invest \$150B over the next few years

The Economist (July 2017)

In 2012–16 Chinese AI firms received \$2.6B in funding, according to the Wuzhen Institute, a think tank.

China Next Generation AI Development Plan (July 2017)

By 2020...China will have established initial AI technology standards, service systems, and industrial ecological system chains...with the scale of AI's core industry exceeding \$22.6B, and exceeding \$150B as driven by the scale of related industries.

MIT Technology Review (November 2017)

China's goal is "to have major breakthroughs in AI by 2025, and to be the envy of the world by 2030."

DoD R&D Spending is a Fraction of Nation Sales—We are Losing Ground on Patents and Publications

DoD Joint Artificial Intelligence Center (JAIC)

- The Defense Department plans to establish an Artificial Intelligence Center focused on long-term AI technology that can be used both offensively and defensively
- JAIC will be led by Michael Griffin, head of research and engineering at the Pentagon
 - Due to submit a proposal to Congress this summer outlining the joint artificial intelligence center to accelerate military and intelligence use of AI.
- “592 separate AI projects across the department” and the center will help provide “some focus to all of that”
- AI training requires a significant amount of data, which DoD has, but “getting all that data in a place that’s usable, and discoverable, and useful for the mission at hand is crucial”
- Some of the other recommendations include providing 100 engineers to combatant commanders “to go fix things,” making software a separate career path, and rewarding personnel for taking risks, even if their ideas aren’t initially successful
- Science and Technology budget: \$13.7B. Artificial intelligence was highlighted as 1 of 7 areas of focus.

Innovation Ecosystem Stakeholder Model

Innovation Factory promotes experimentation

- Fail fast
- Close the loop
- Outcome focused

Academic partnerships

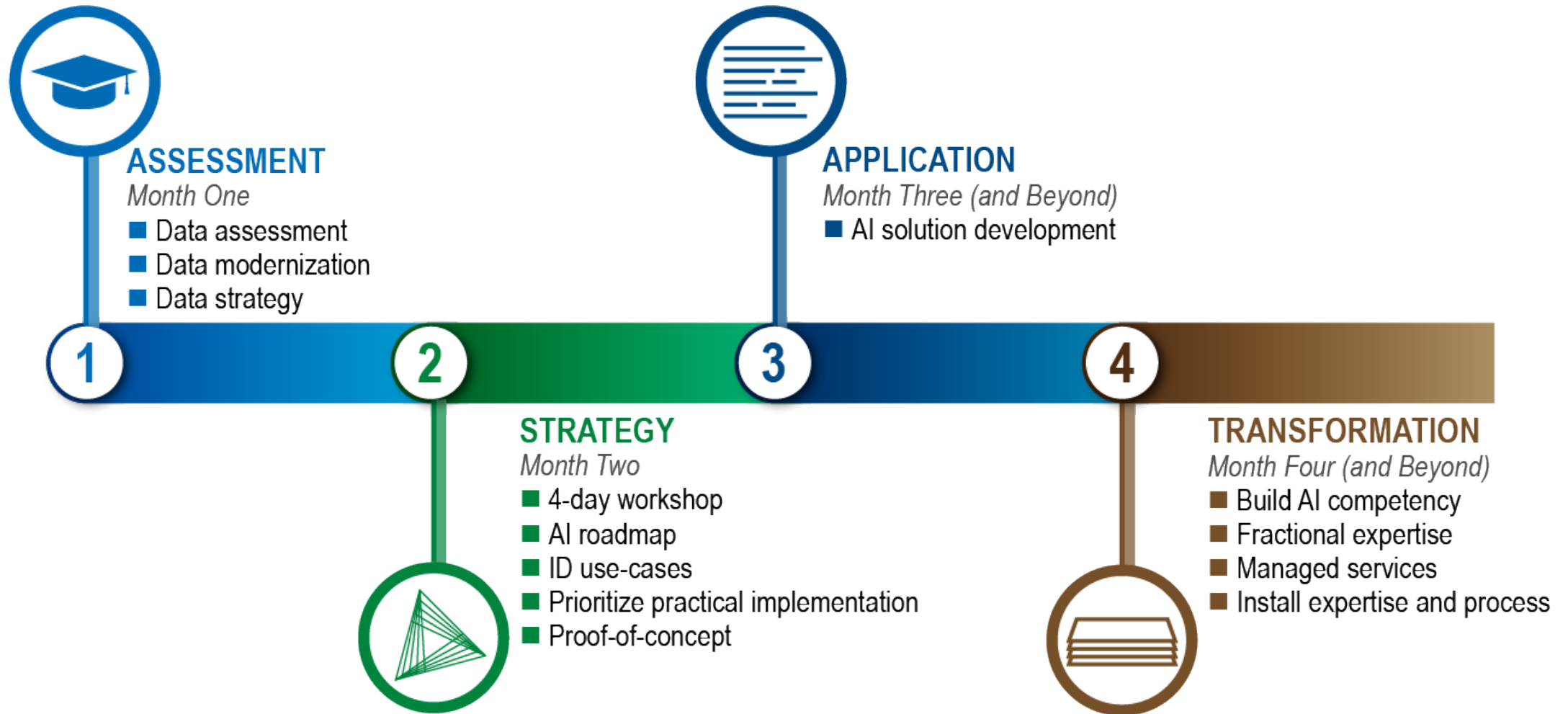


System Integrators

Startups
Startup accelerators (e.g.
Techstars, Starburst, Capital
Factory)

http://mitsloan.mit.edu/ideas-made-to-matter/bye-bye-ivory-tower-innovation-needs-ecosystem-to-thrive?utm_source=mitsloanlinkedin&utm_medium=social&utm_campaign=ecosystem

Intelligent SW Readiness and Rapid Prototyping



Agile AI

New Thinking

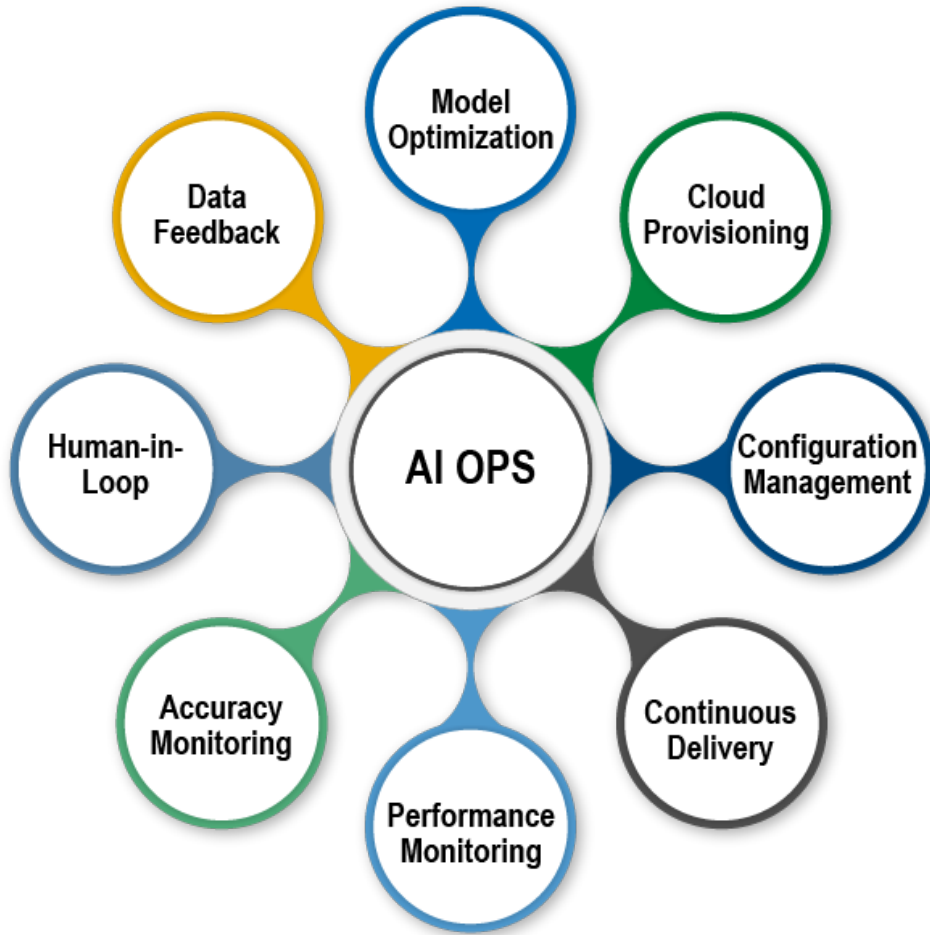
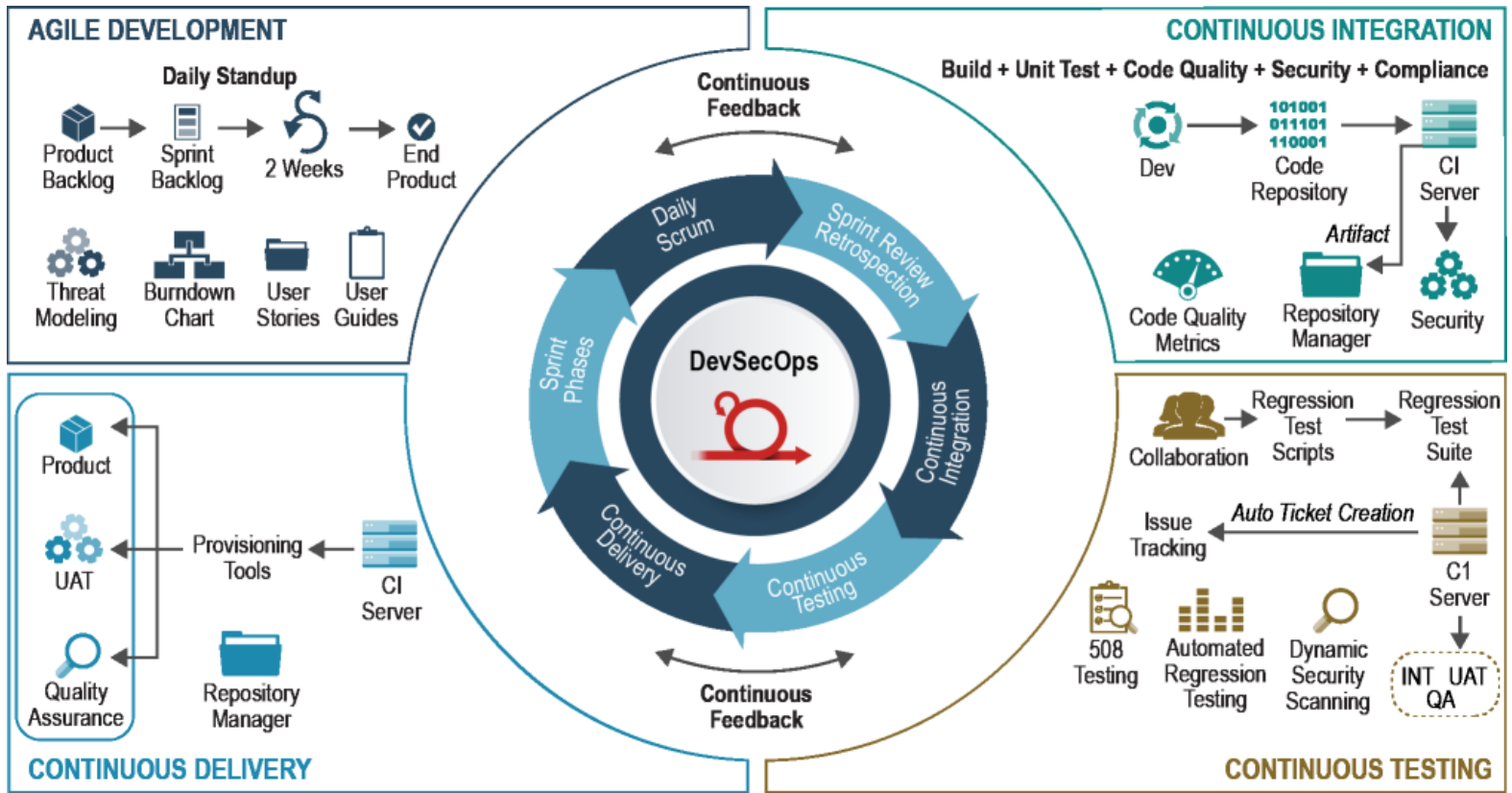
- Content: Models not programs
- Process: Training not debugging
- Release: Retraining not patching
- Results: Probabilities not answers

New capabilities require new players

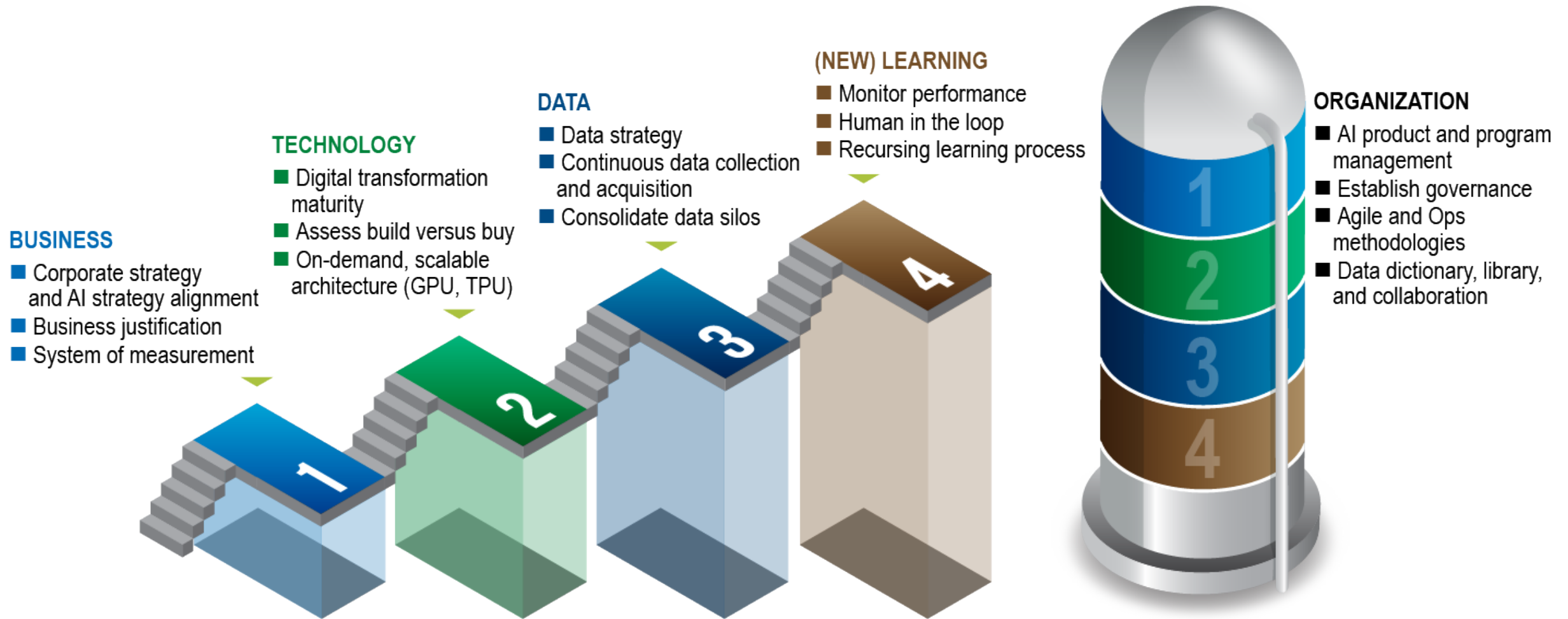
- AI Product Manager
- Data Scientist
- ML Engineers



AI OPS



Business Transformation



Summary

- US can regain leadership in Intelligent SW by strategically partnering with small and large commercial companies as well as academia
- Intelligent SW will be a technological enabler to defend our homeland and abroad
- Emphasis on multiple elements of the overarching architecture is needed across our organizations
- Develop an ecosystem to allow training of the next generation of military and civilian workforce in Intelligent SW
 - Agile prototyping of Intelligent SW capabilities with operational users
 - Execute challenges, hackathons and pitch competitions
 - Facilitate Intelligent SW readiness workshops

Backup

Blockchain

Distributed and Tamperproof Digital Ledger

