



The Old Court House Civil War Museum

20 N. Loudoun Street (P.O. Box 215)
Winchester, VA 22601 (22604 for PO Box)
540-542-1145 Courthousemuseum@verizon.net
www.civilwarmuseum.org

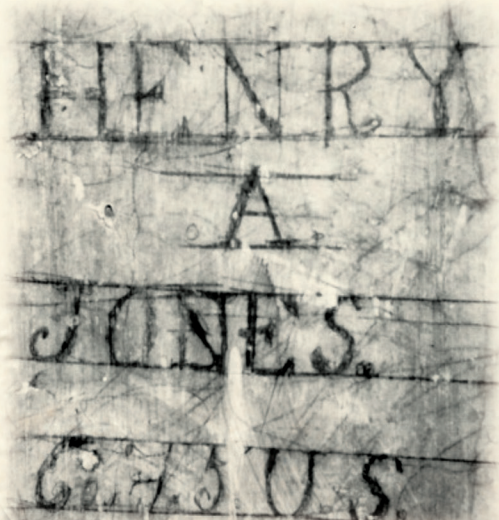
Open November through April

Wednesday through Saturday 10:00am-5:00pm; Sunday 1:00-5:00pm

May through October

Monday through Saturday 10:00am-5:00pm; Sunday 1:00-5:00pm

The 1840 Frederick County Court House in Winchester, Virginia served as a prison and hospital to both sides during the Civil War. Soldiers wrote their names and drew pictures on the walls, some of which can still be seen. The Old Court House Civil War Museum now occupies the building. It has a nationally recognized collection of relics with displays illustrating the life of common soldiers.



The Old Court House Civil War Museum

Northern Virginia Civil War Graffiti Trail



Follow the trail of Union soldiers and Confederate defenders as they swept through the Northern Virginia countryside. Discover the graffiti they left in homes, churches, and public buildings during the Civil War.

The Northern Virginia Civil War Graffiti Trail will lead you from the vibrant suburbs to rolling hills and farmlands. Our sites and towns will reveal a unique glimpse of the Civil War soldier as they fought in this decisive event of our American history.

For PDF of this brochure:
www.brandystationfoundation.com

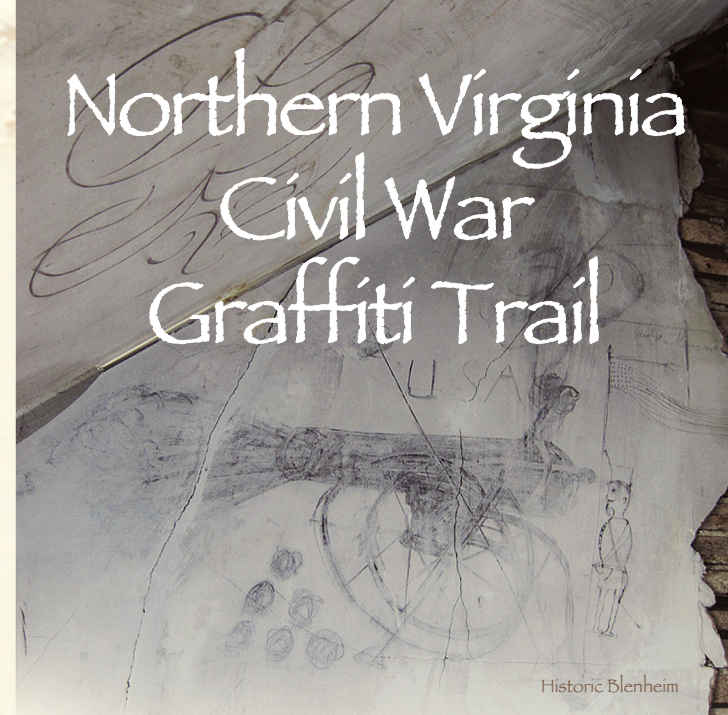


www.VirginiaCivilWar.org



www.civilwartrails.org

Northern Virginia Civil War Graffiti Trail



Historic Blenheim

*“Old soldiers never die,
they just fade away”*

But is it really true?

Find out by visiting the sites along the

Northern Virginia Civil War Graffiti Trail

Participants:

Historic Blenheim, City of Fairfax

Ben Lomond Historic Site, Prince William County

The Graffiti House, Brandy Station

Mt. Zion Historic Park, Aldie

Old Court House Civil War Museum, Winchester

For more information
www.brandystationfoundation.com
vagraffititrail@gmail.com

Civil War

Throughout history's wars, common soldiers have created a personal legacy in the form of writings and drawings on building walls—what we today call graffiti. During the American Civil War—our nation's most divisive conflict—soldiers were no different.

Union and Confederate soldiers on the march, in camp, hospitalized, and jailed left their messages in homes, churches, and court houses during the Civil War. Their names, thoughts, and images have been immortalized giving us a glimpse into these individuals as they defended and pursued, rested and played, suffered and convalesced.

Graffiti



Ben Lomond Historic Site

10321 Sudley Manor Drive, Manassas, Virginia 20109
703-367-7872 www.pwcgov.org/benlomond
Ben Lomond Historic Site is operated by the Prince William County Historic Preservation Division

Tours are offered 10:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m., Thursday through Monday, May through October, and by appointment. Grounds are open during operating hours.

Ben Lomond was used as a field hospital after 1st Manassas and Confederate headquarters before Confederates left in 1862. Federal soldiers marching through Prince William in 1862 frequently stopped here, writing their names on the walls. Today most of the graffiti is protected, but sections of two walls are left uncovered for view.



A portion of wall in The Graffiti House

Built in 1858 as a general store and residence for the local Postmaster, the house was occupied by both Union and Confederate soldiers during the Civil War. Using charcoal from the central fireplace, these soldiers decorated the plaster walls with signatures, drawings, and commentaries on their lives. Today over 200 readable graffiti survive to give testament to the passing of these soldiers.



Historic Blenheim

3610 Old Lee Highway Fairfax, Virginia 22030
703-591-0560 www.fairfaxva.gov
Historic Blenheim and the Civil War Interpretive Center are owned and operated by the City of Fairfax.

The Civil War Interpretive Center is open from 10:00 a.m.-3:00 p.m., Tuesday through Saturday. Guided tours of the Blenheim House and site are offered daily at 1:00 p.m. and by appointment.

Union soldiers camped or were hospitalized here in 1862 and 1863. They left their names, regiment numbers, pictographs, and musings on the walls of the c.1859 Historic Blenheim house. So far 115 soldiers have been positively identified. Their writings and images provide insight into the lives of the soldiers and the dramatic impact of war on the local community of Fairfax Court House.



Mt. Zion Historic Park

40309 John Mosby Highway Aldie, Virginia 20105
703-327-9777 www.nvrpa.org/park/mt_zion
Mt. Zion Historic Park is owned and operated by the Northern Virginia Regional Park Authority.

Open for guided tours 1:00–5:00 p.m. on the fourth Sunday of the month, April through October, and by appointment. Grounds open daily year-round during daylight hours.

Mt. Zion Old School Baptist Church, built in 1851, was an eyewitness to the Civil War, used as a rendezvous site, prison, barracks, and battleground. Union troops used the church as a hospital after the cavalry engagements of Aldie, Middleburg, and Upperville in June 1863, and graffiti on the church's walls are remnants of the soldiers' days spent in recuperation.



The Graffiti House

19484 Brandy Road,
Brandy Station, Virginia
22714

540-727-7718 www.brandystationfoundation.com
The Graffiti House is owned and operated by the Brandy Station Foundation, a locally based 501 (c) (3) non-profit corporation

Open Friday, Saturday and Sunday,
11:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m.